

### WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF

# **Natural Resources**

Peter Goldmark - Commissioner of Public Lands

### Olympic Coast National Marine Sanctuary Advisory Council

July 18, 2013

Marine Spatial Planning in Washington

Katrina Lassiter
Washington Department of Natural Resources





### **Overview**

- Background on Washington law
- State planning process
- Data viewing tool
- State MSP and the Sanctuary



### **Background**

According to RCW 43.372, Marine Planning Law -

Marine Spatial Planning (MSP) is a <u>public process</u> of analyzing and allocating the <u>spatial and temporal</u> distribution of human activities in marine environments to achieve ecological, economic, and social objectives.

- Coordinating decisions NON-regulatory
- Uses spatial data often displayed as maps
- Proactive
- Multi-use



### **Background**

The department will work with the marine interagency team, tribes, and the Washington state marine resource committee to develop a spending plan

consistent with the priorities in chapter 252, Laws of 2012,

for conducting ecosystem assessments and mapping activities related to marine resources use and potential economic development,

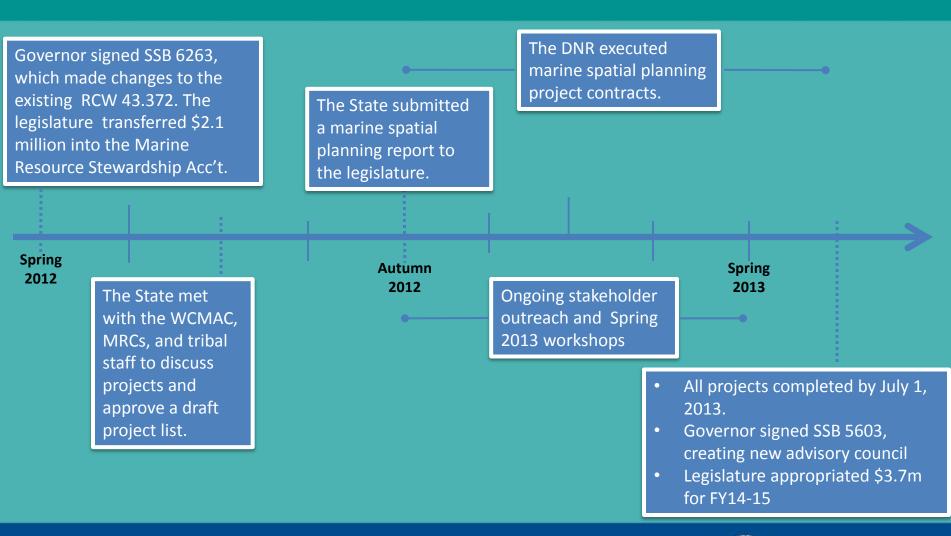
developing marine management plans for the state's coastal waters, and

otherwise aiding in the implementation of marine planning in the state.

As appropriate, the team shall develop a competitive process for projects to be funded by the department in fiscal year 2013.



### **The State Planning Process**





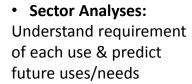
### **The State Planning Process**

Stakeholder involvement, tribal consultation, government coordination and public input throughout process

Stage 1: Pre-Planning (June 2013)

- Define the plan area.
- Map uses & resources
- Identify criteria for adoption into WA CZMP.
- Define management goals & objectives.

Stage 2: Understanding Impacts (July 2013-June 2014)



- Ecosystem Assessment:
- Identify outside impacts
- Indicator development
- 3) Evaluate status and risks
- Conflict Assessment: Identify conflicts and compatibilities

Stage 3: Developing the Plan (July 2014-June 2015)

- Select Management Strategies
- Evaluate Management Strategies
- Develop spatial plan
- Develop implementation plan
- Finalize ecosystem indicators (Set Targets?)
- Develop Research Agenda?

Stage 4: Finalizing the Plan (July 2015-Dec. 2016)

- Submit WA MSP to NOAA
- Implement, Evaluate, and Adapt MSP (ongoing)



# The State Planning Process: Scoping

### Public Comment Scoping Document for a Marine Spatial Plan on Washington's Pacific Coast

#### Summary

Washington's Pacific Coast is potentially adversely affected by increasing pressures on the resources in this area, conflicts among uses, and proposed new uses. In addition, multiple, overlapping jurisdictions and authorities creates challenges for coordinated decision-making and proactive planning. Under RCW 43.372, the development of a Marine Spatial Plan (MSP) is intended to address these issues by providing a non-regulatory framework for coordinating information and decisions. This state law requires an interagency team of state natural resource agencies to coordinate the development of the MSP.

Washington is using an existing interagency team, the State Ocean Caucus, for this planning process. The team is chaired by the Governor's office and coordinated by the Department of Ecology (Ecology). Ecology is the designated lead for coordinating the development of the MSP. Other State Ocean Caucus agencies involved in developing the MSP include: Washington Department of Natural Resources, Department of Fish and Wildlife, Washington Sea Grant and State Parks and Recreation Commission. The planning process will also involve and engage coastal stakeholders, the public and local, tribal, and federal governments. Once the MSP is completed, Ecology will submit it to the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration for its review and approval for incorporation into Washington's federally-approved coastal zone management program under the federal Coastal Zone Management Act.

Under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), a non-project EIS will provide a general evaluation of the alternatives and potential significant adverse impacts associated with developing a Marine Spatial Plan (MSP) for Washington's Pacific Coast. Additional project-level environmental review under NEPA and SEPA would occur when individual projects or activities are proposed (see the "potential activities" section below for examples).

More information on marine spatial planning and this public comment opportunity may be found at: http://www.msp.wa.gov/news

#### Scoping questions

As part of the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA), scoping is conducted to receive public and agency comments on the scope of an upcoming Environmental Impact Statement (EIS). This scoping document provides important background, context, and draft proposed language to assist those wishing to provide comments. We strongly encourage those commenting to review the entire document prior to preparing and submitting their comments, Ecology is seeking comments on:

Purpose of and need for a Marine Spatial Plan, including comments on the draft goals and

Feedback about the goals, objectives, boundaries and other issues that should be assessed under a non project EIS for the coast.

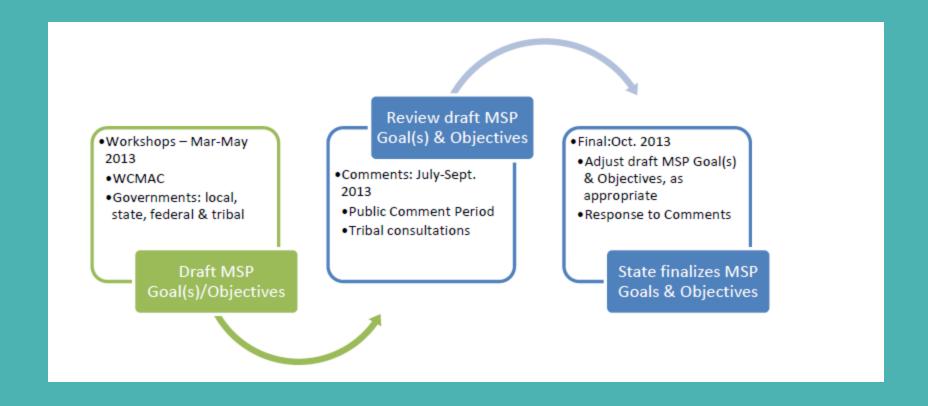
The EIS will evaluate the alternatives and potential significant adverse impacts associated with developing the marine spatial plan.

The public comment period is open until 5 p.m. Monday, Sept. 23.

Information on the scoping process can be found at www.msp.wa.gov/news



# The State Planning Process: Scoping



### State MSP and the Sanctuary



### **WASHINGTON MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING**

Supporting healthy oceans, coasts and communities

LEARN



Learn about the Marine Spatial Planning process EXPLORE



Explore data, maps and current projects along the Washington coast CONNECT



Get involved in the Washington Marine Spatial Planning process

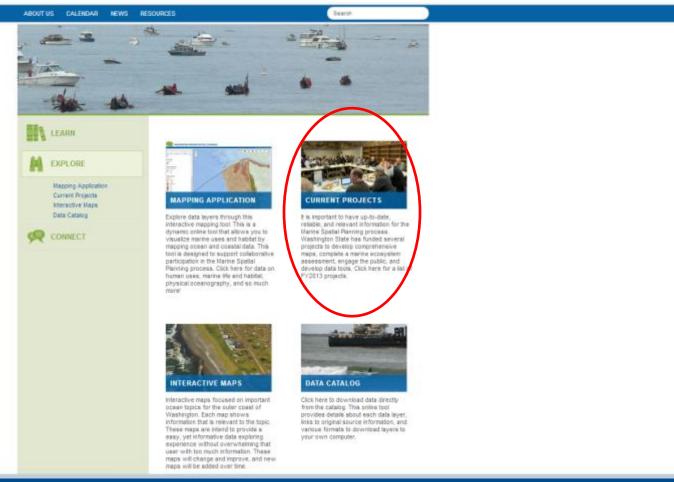
Marine Spatial Planning is a public process of analyzing and allocating the spatial and temporal distribution of human activities in marine environments to achieve ecological, economic, and social



### State MSP and the Sanctuary



#### **WASHINGTON MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING**



### State MSP and the Sanctuary



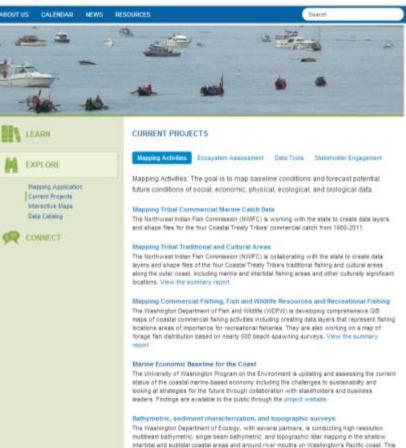
#### **WASHINGTON MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING**

Mapping tribal areas and marine catch data

Marine economic baseline for the coast

Bathymetric, sediment characterization, and topographic surveys

Mapping and modeling coastal oceanographic trends



installation of austainable ocean energy infrastructure. View North Cosel Waverunner Summery Report.

research will allow Ecology to assess sediment stability and natural resource limitations to the

Ecosystem indicators and conceptual model for the coast

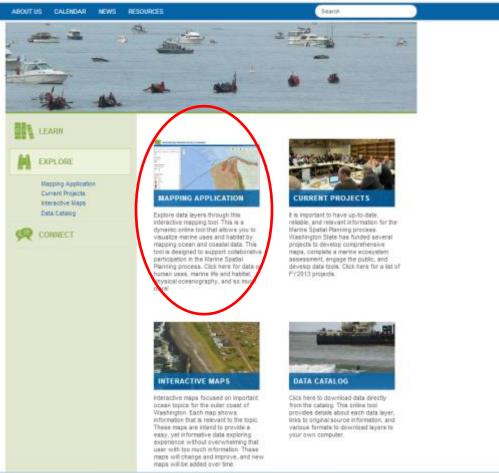
Mapping and modeling coastal oceanographic trends

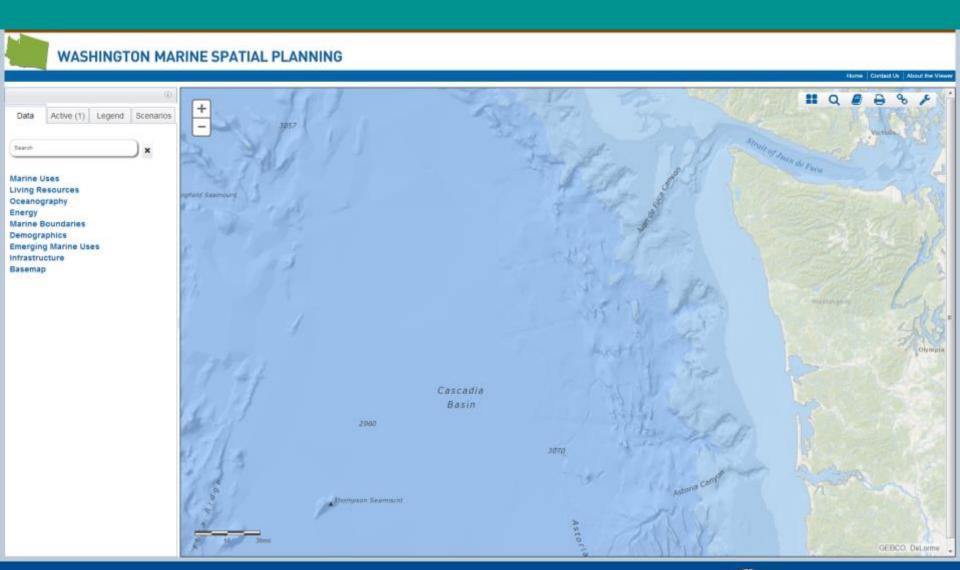
Data evaluation and Seafloor mapping strategy



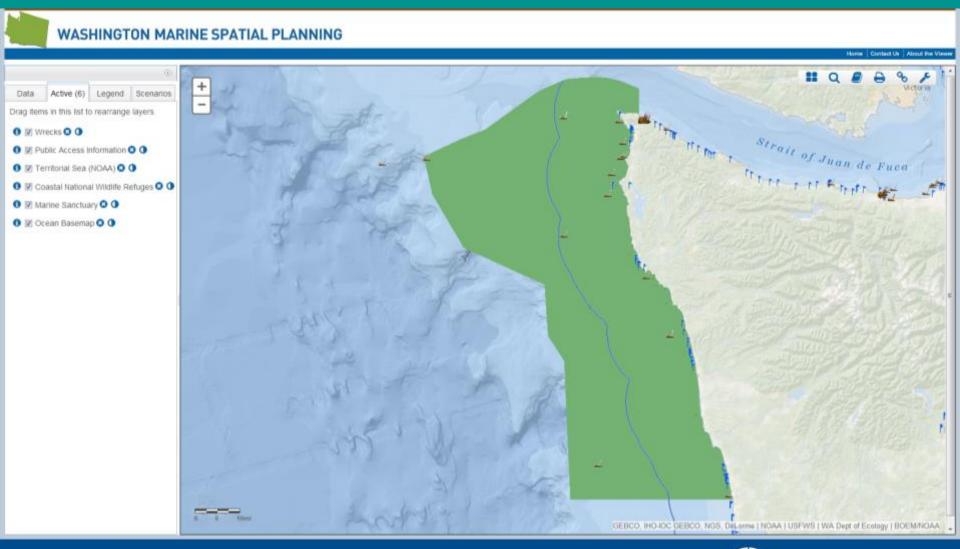


#### WASHINGTON MARINE SPATIAL PLANNING

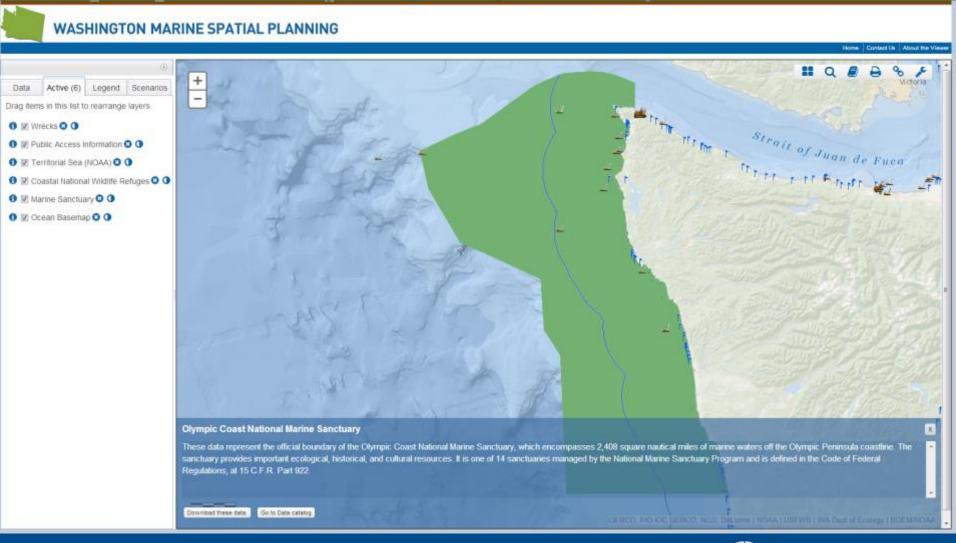




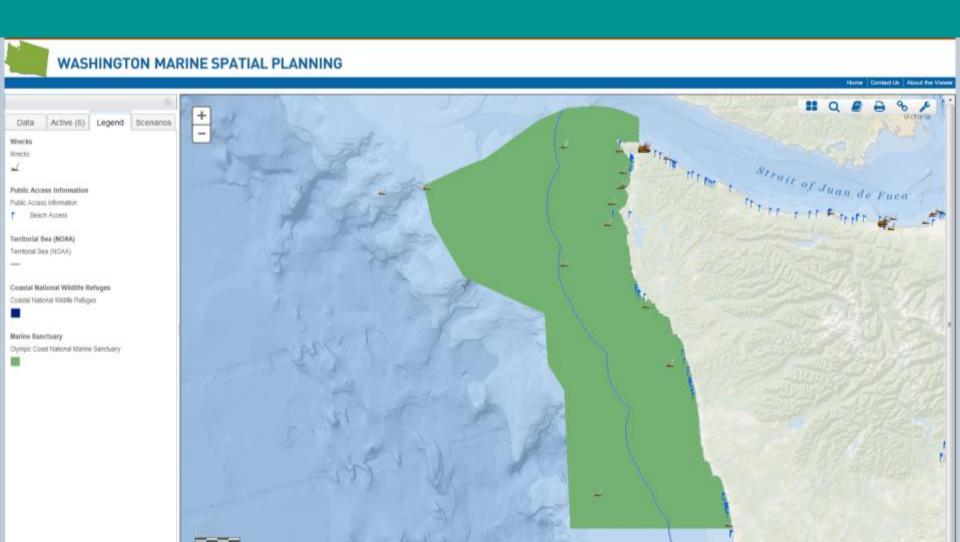






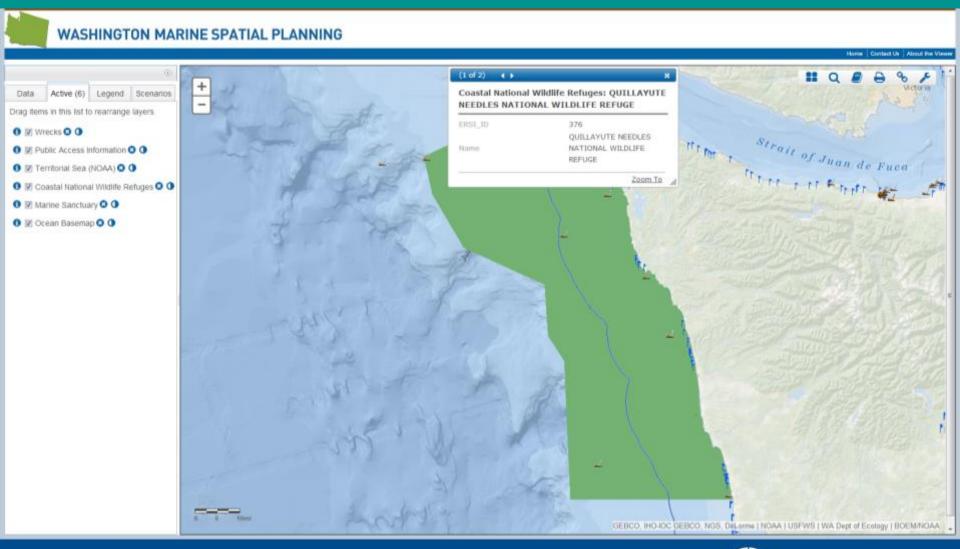








GEBCO, IHO-IOC GEBCO, NGS, DeLorme | NOAA | USFWS | WA Dept of Ecology | BOEM/NOAA







### Questions?



### **CONTACT**

#### **Katrina Lassiter**

Washington State Department of Natural Resources
Ocean policy analyst
360-902-1013

<u>Katrina.Lassiter@dnr.wa.gov</u>

### **Jennifer Hennessey**

Washington State Department of Ecology
MSP lead coordinator
360-407-6595

Jennifer.hennessey@ecy.wa.gov

